

Figure 1 is a block diagram of a micro gas apparatus system. The system is enclosed in a dashed box labeled 11. It includes a MICRO GAS APPARATUS (15) connected to a MICROCONTROLLER/PROCESSOR (29). The MICROCONTROLLER/PROCESSOR (29) is connected to a MODEM (35) and a TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER (33). The MODEM (35) is connected to a STATION (31) via a communication line (34). The TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER (33) is connected to a STATION (31) via a radio link (37). The entire system is enclosed in a dashed box (11).

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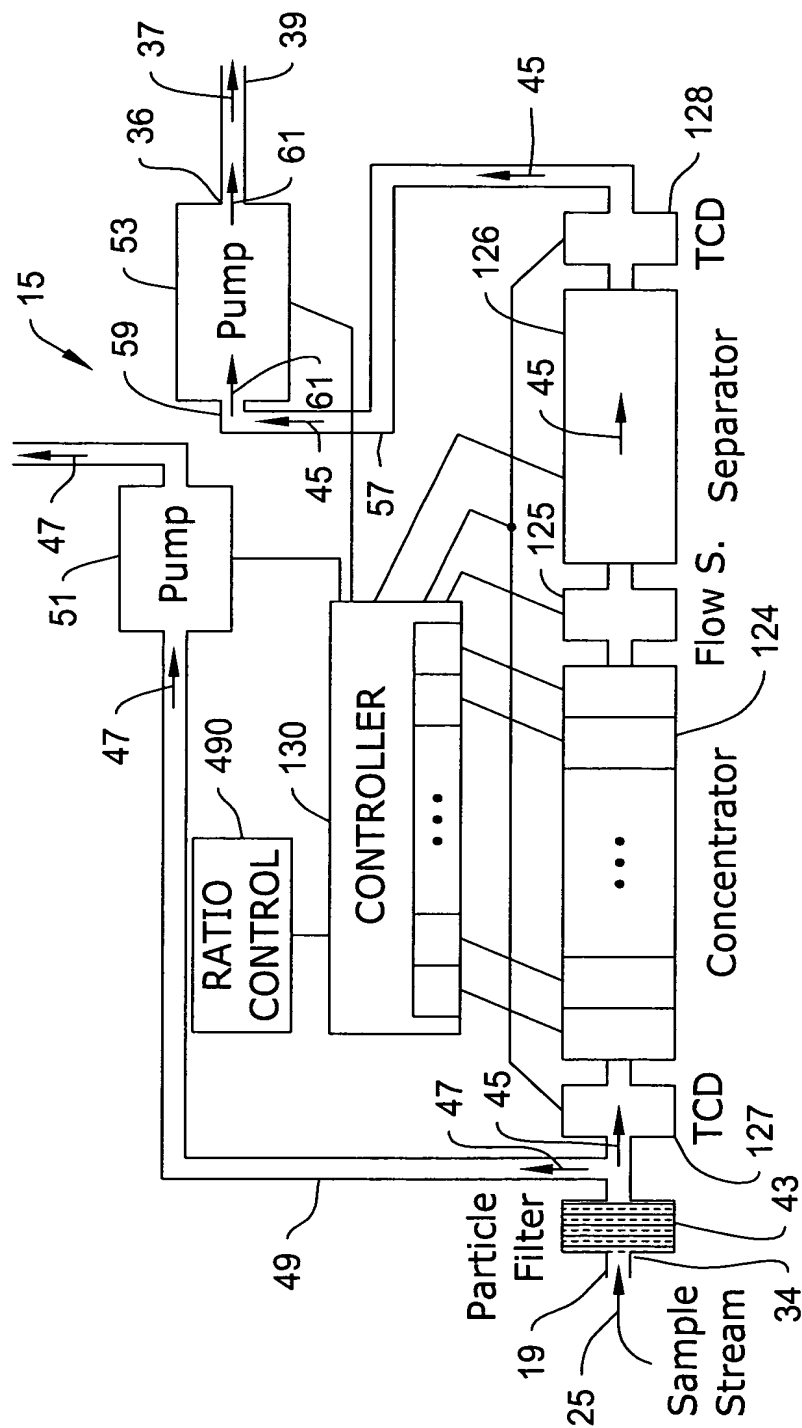


Figure 2

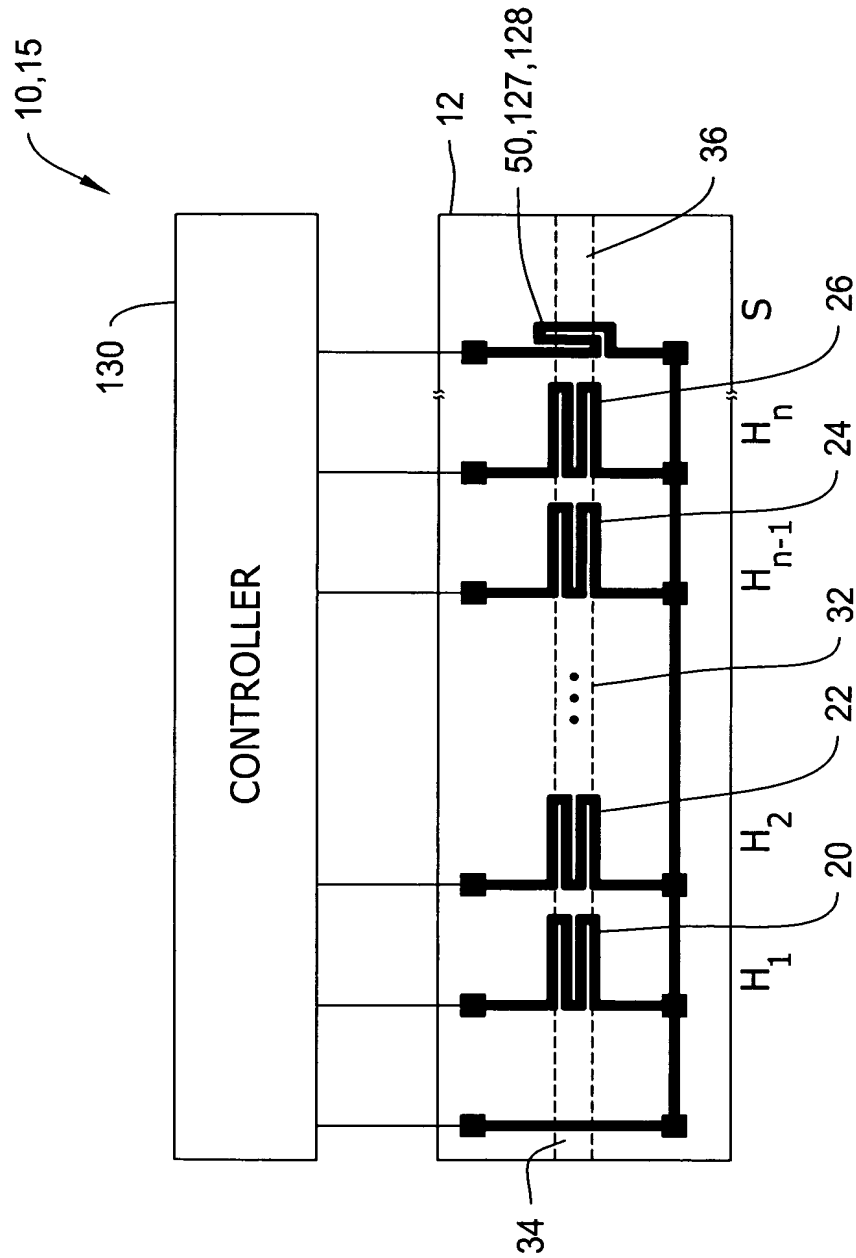


Figure 3

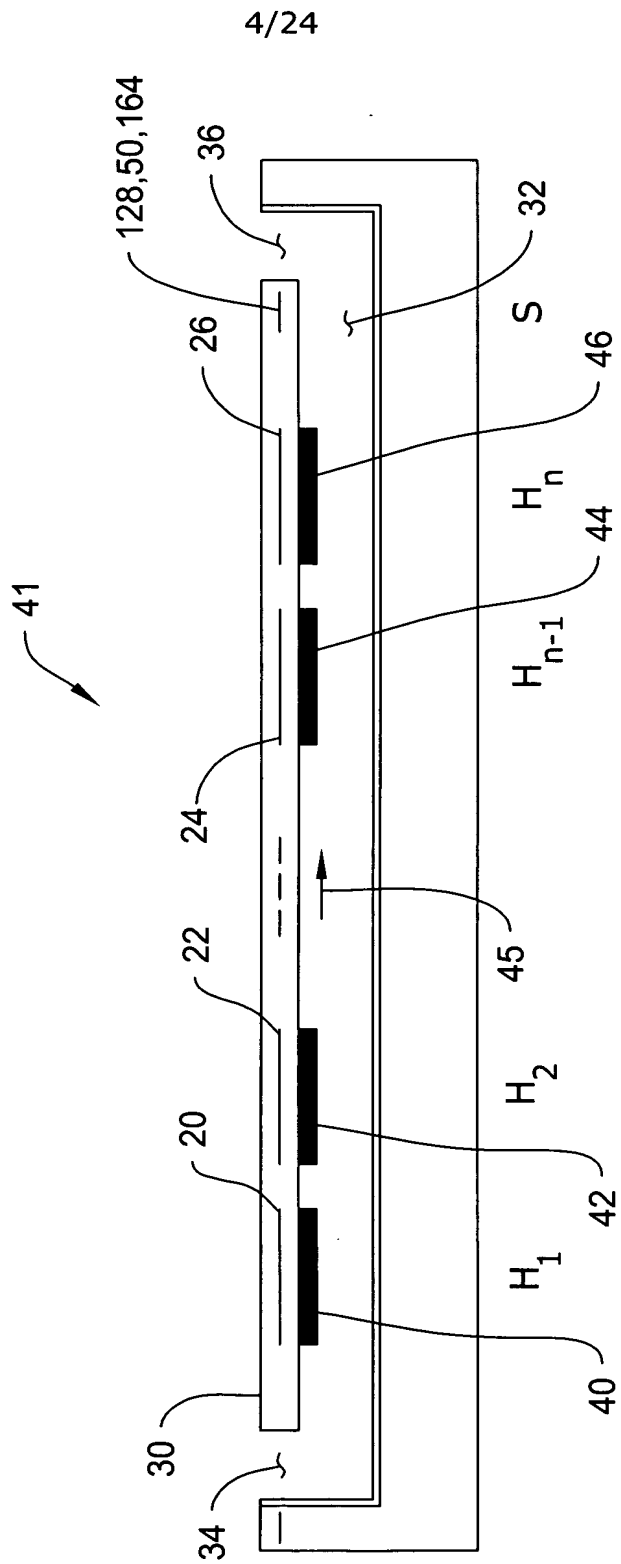


Figure 4

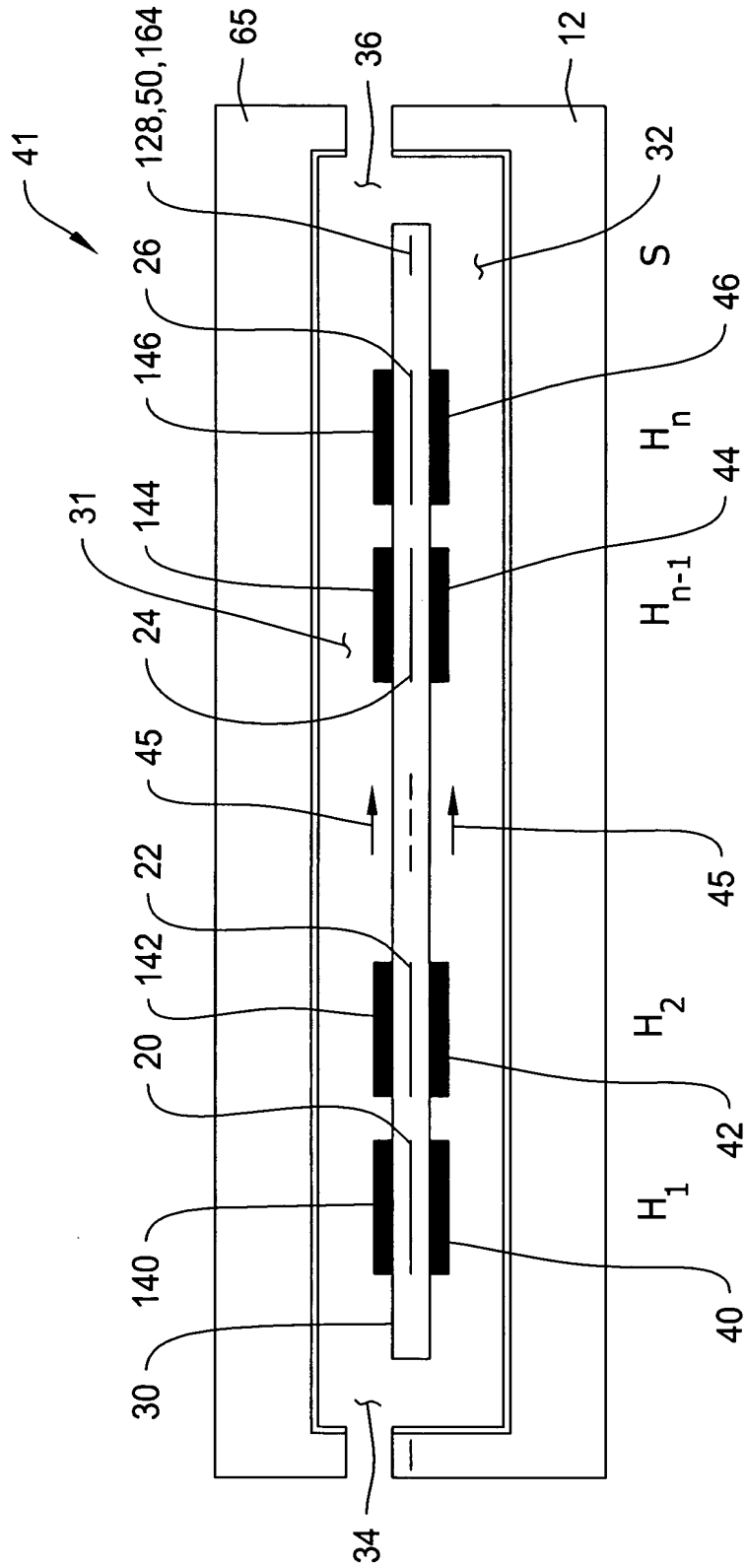


Figure 5

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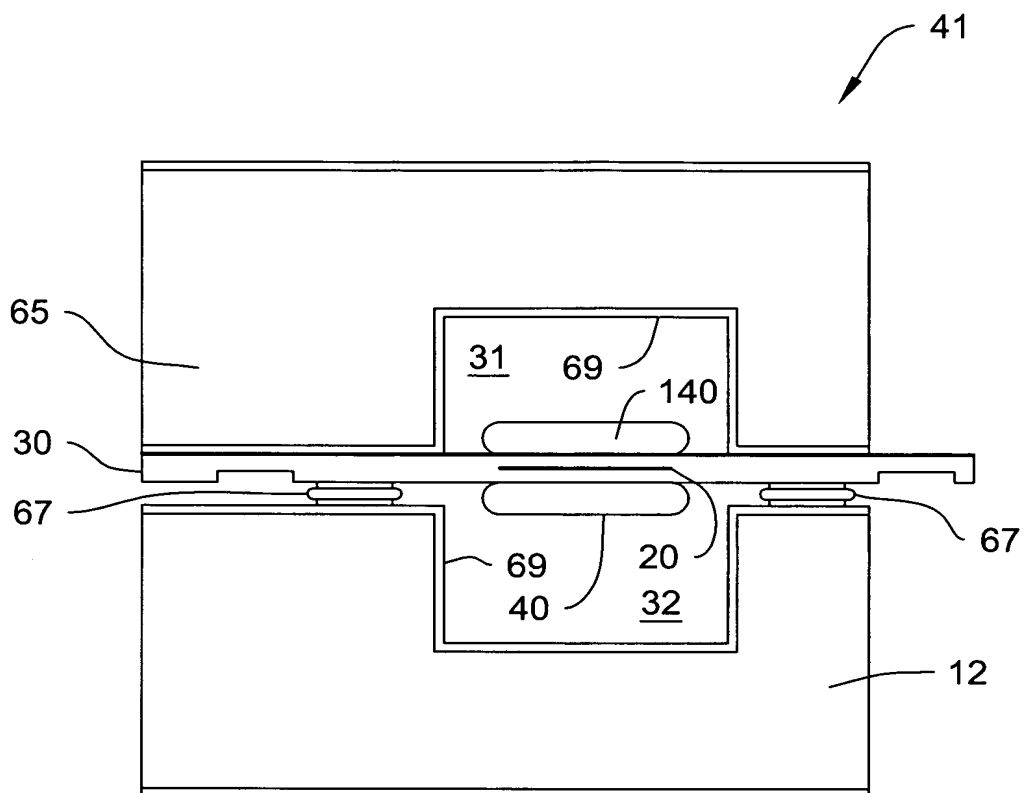


Figure 6A

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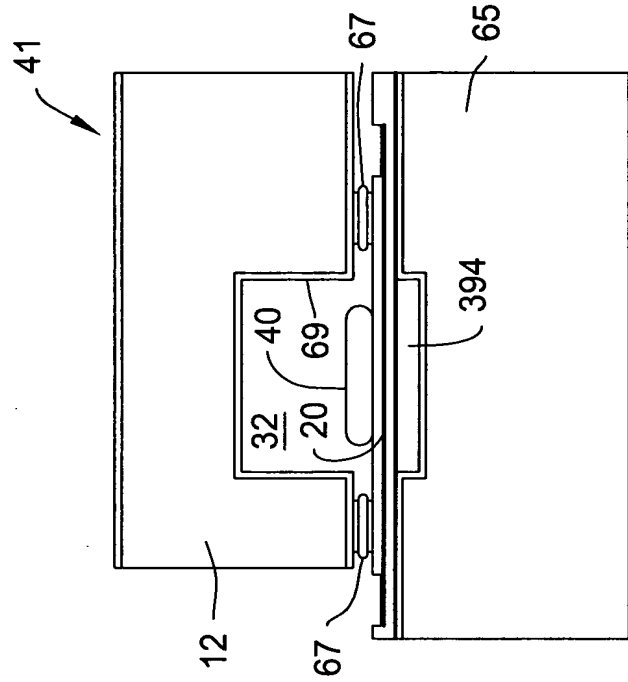


Figure 6C

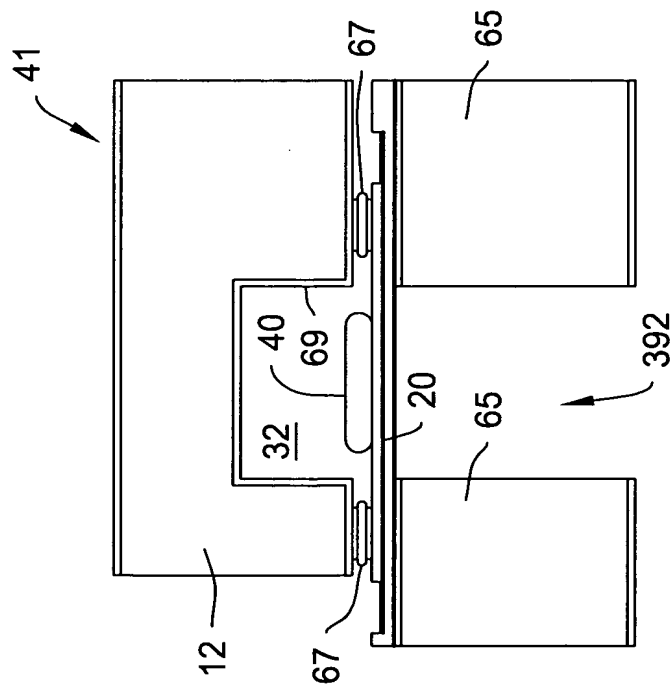


Figure 6B

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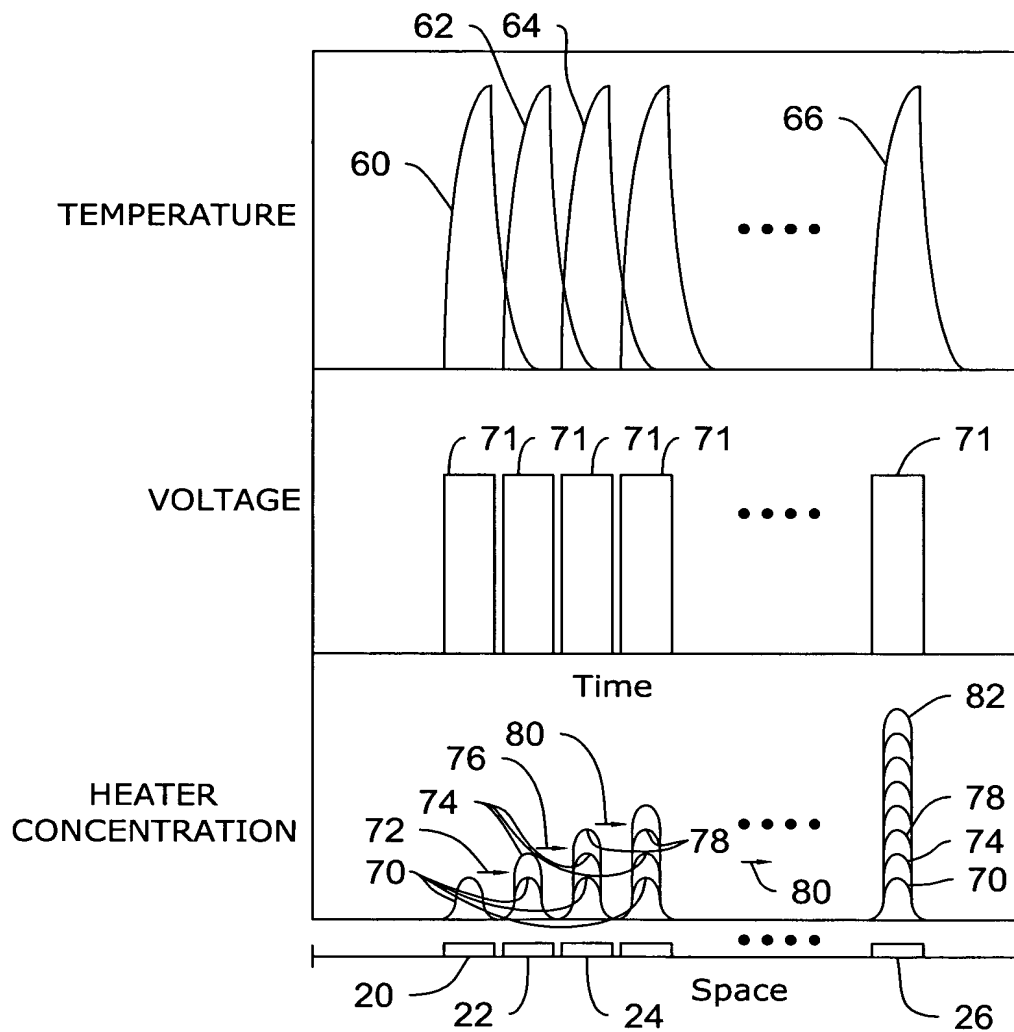


Figure 7

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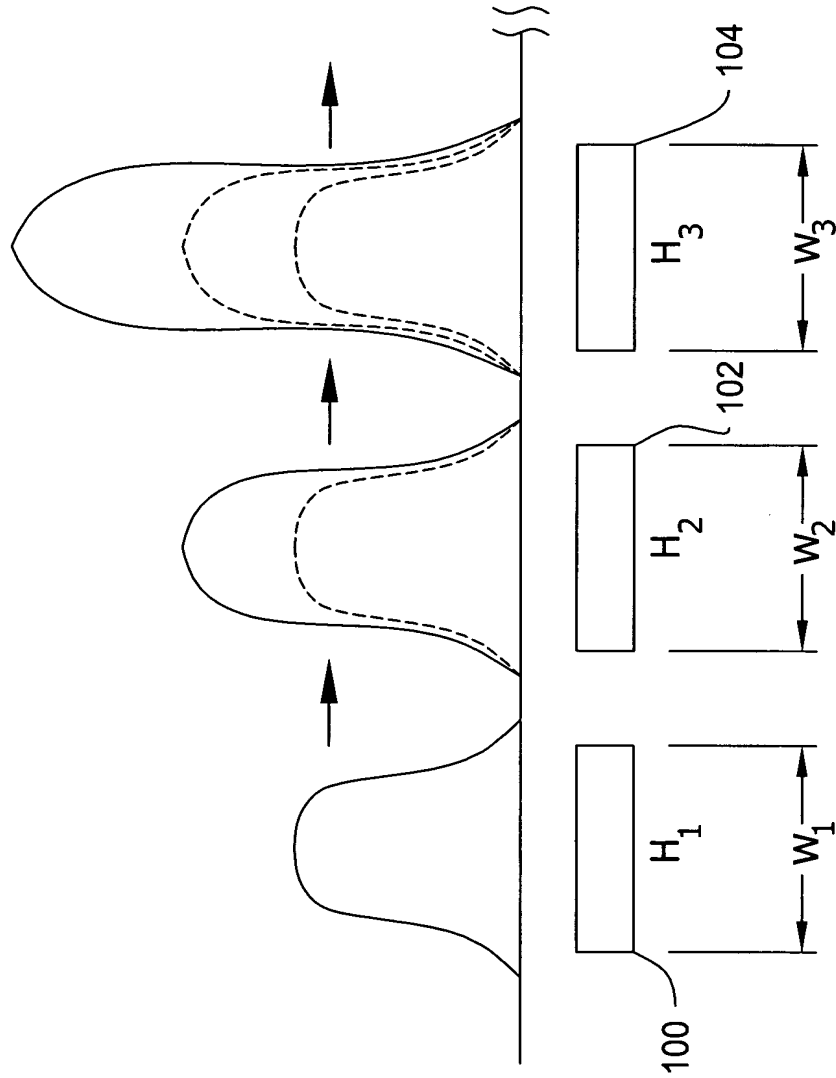


Figure 8

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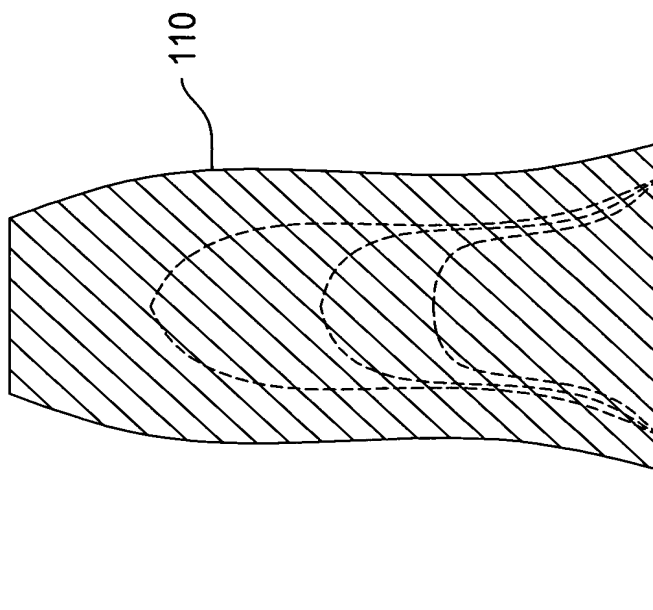


Figure 9

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Table Comparison of Detection Limits in pg/s (MDL) and Selectivities $\times 10^3$ (SEL)

element	wavelength, nm	this work		ref 9 (without background correction)		ref 9 (with background correction)		ref 7 ^a (echelle)		ref 8 ^b (with background correction)	
		MDL	SEL	MDL	SEL	MDL	SEL	MDL	SEL	MDL	SEL
N	174.2	7.0	6								
S	180.7	1.7	150								
Hg	184.9	0.1	3000								
C	193.1	0.5								53	
P	177.5	1.5	25								
C	247.9	2.6									
	251.6	7.0	90	2.7	1.6						
	253.6			9.3	11			58	3.9		
	253.7	0.1	5000	3.3	77			4.2	26		
Hg	470.4			0.6				2.0	91		
Br	478.6	75	19	33	0.27	67	1.0	20	1.4	38	0.53
Br	479.5	39	25	34	0.50						
Cl	481.0			43	0.61	86	1.5			32	1.0
H	486.1	2.2						32	2.4		
S	545.4	7.2	26	16							
D	656.1	2.5	0.6 ^c	33	0.08	52	4.6	126	0.25	234	0.07
H	656.3	3.0		7.4	0.19						
F	685.6	40	30	7.5						37	
O	777.2	75	25	20	0.57	180	11.4	17	3.5	11	0.82

^a Reference 7 uses peak width at base instead of peak width at half height to determine MDL, and the numbers have been adjusted accordingly for comparison. ^b Reference 8 uses 1σ instead of peak to peak (6σ) to measure noise for MDL, and their numbers have been adjusted accordingly for comparison. ^c Versus hydrogen.

Figure 10

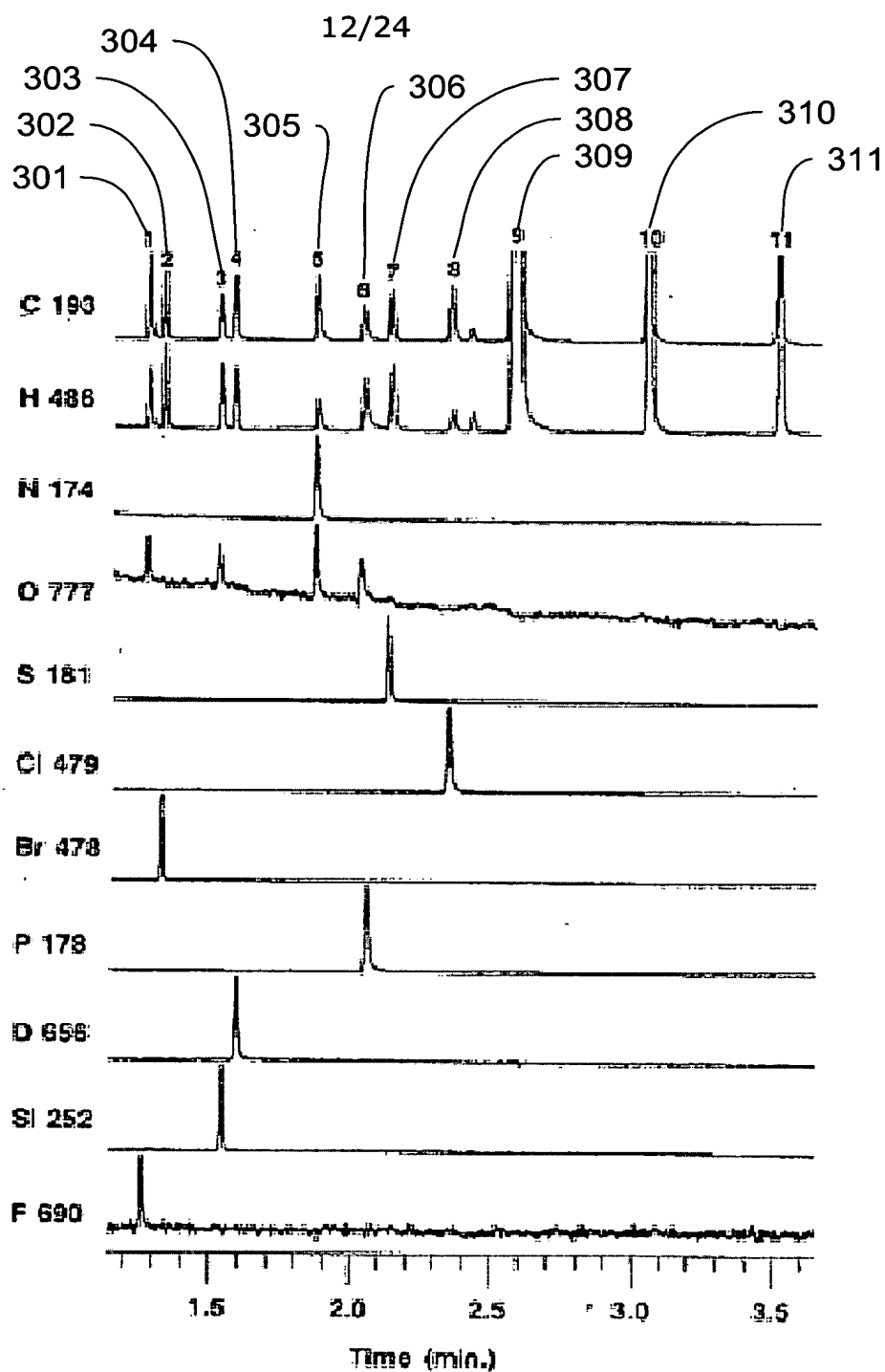


Figure 11

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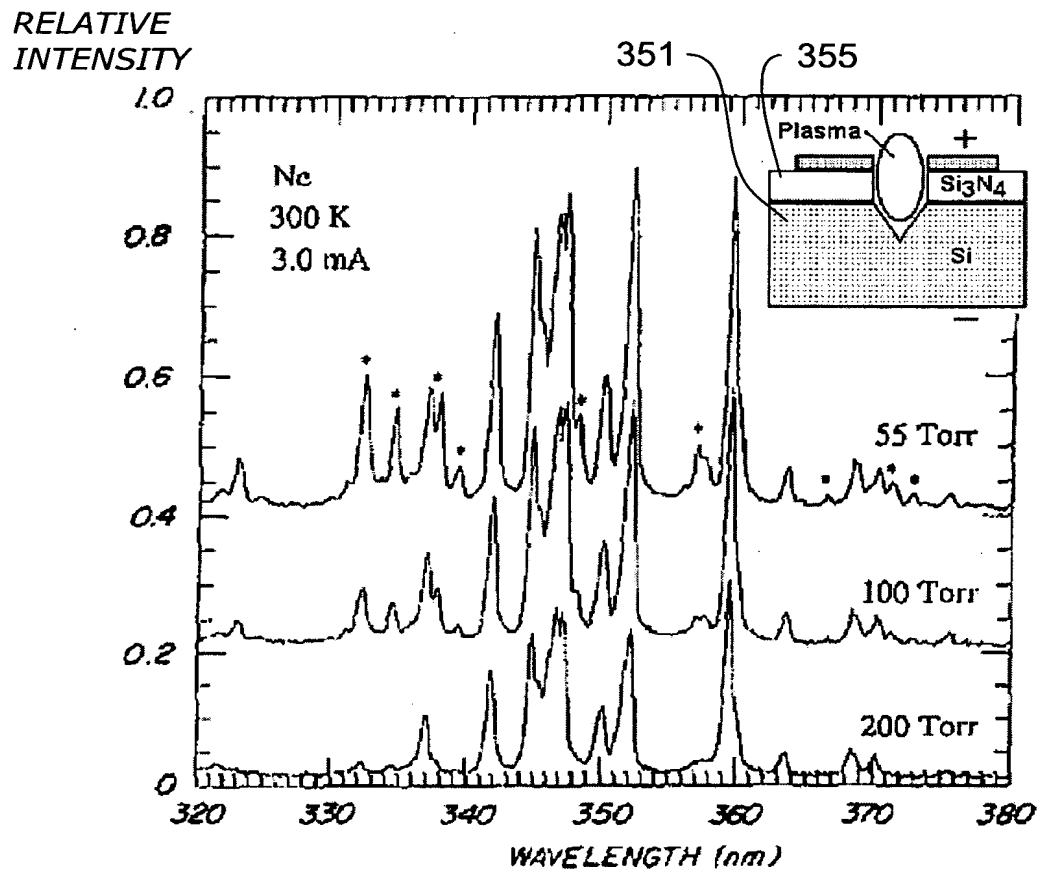


Figure 12

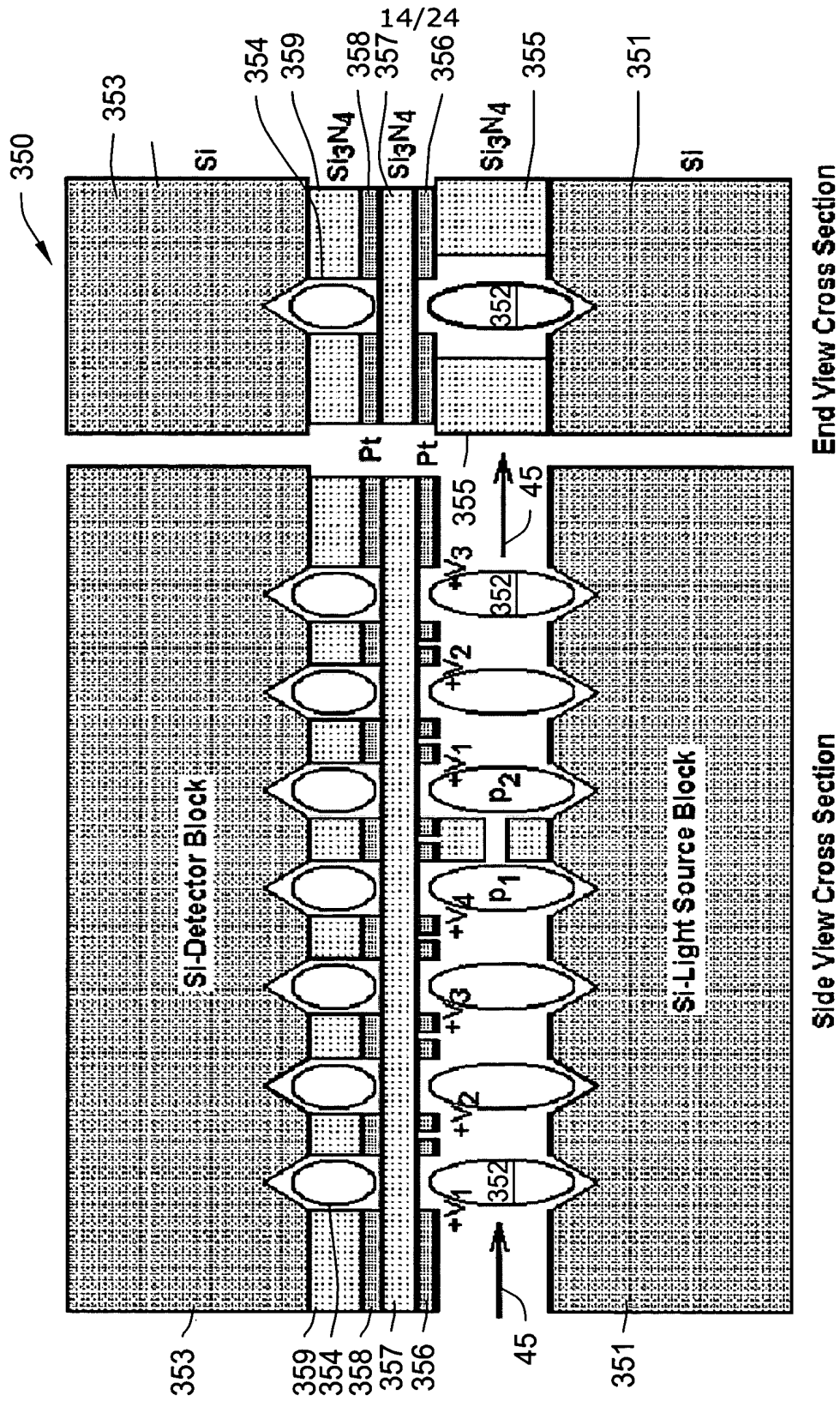


Figure 13

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Photosensitivity
in A/W

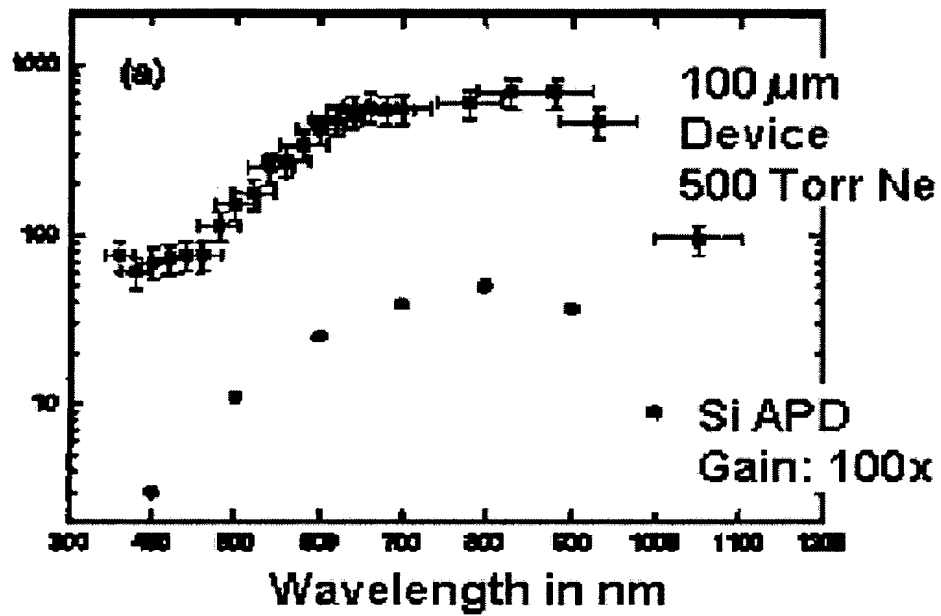
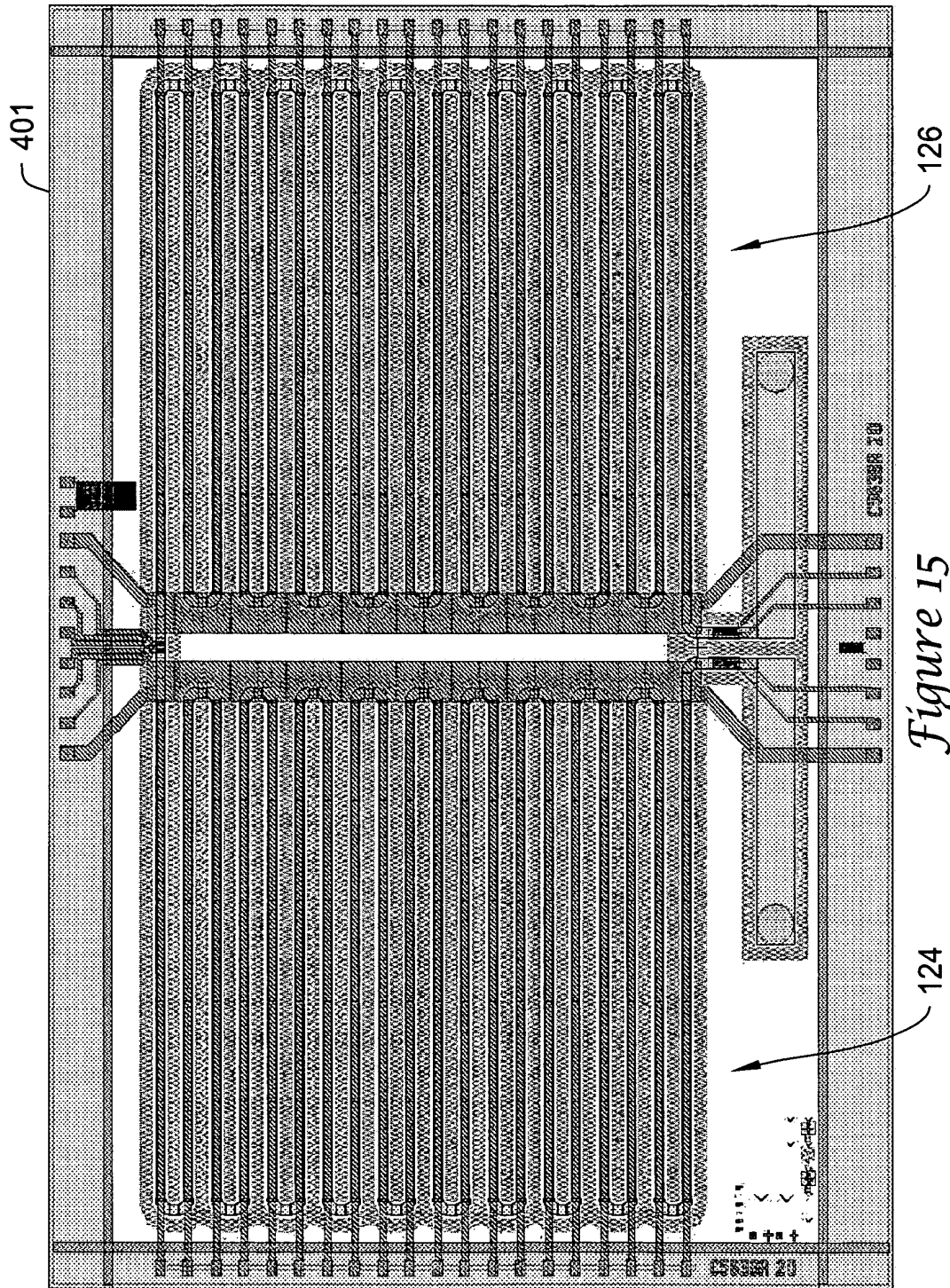


Figure 14

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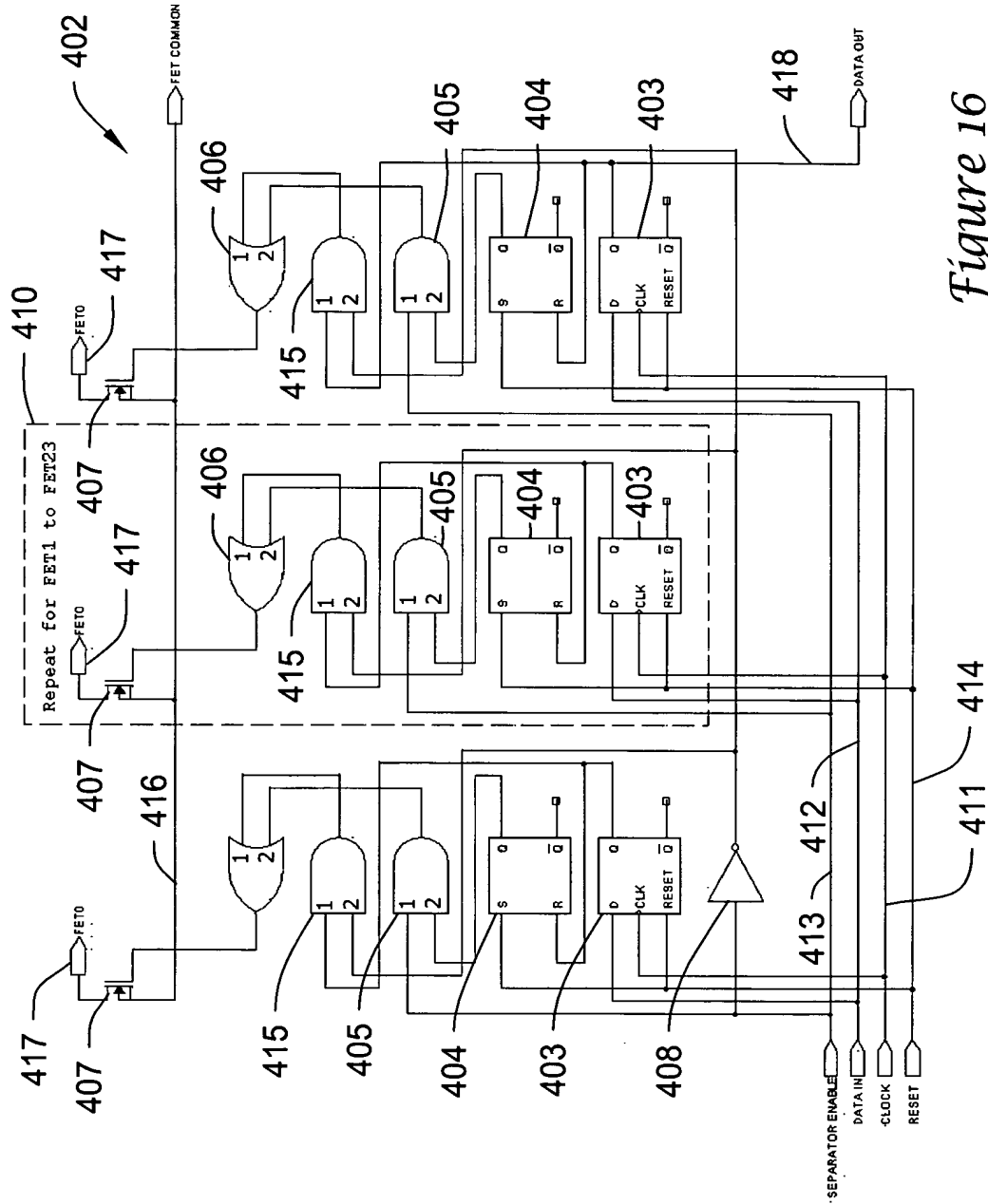


Figure 16

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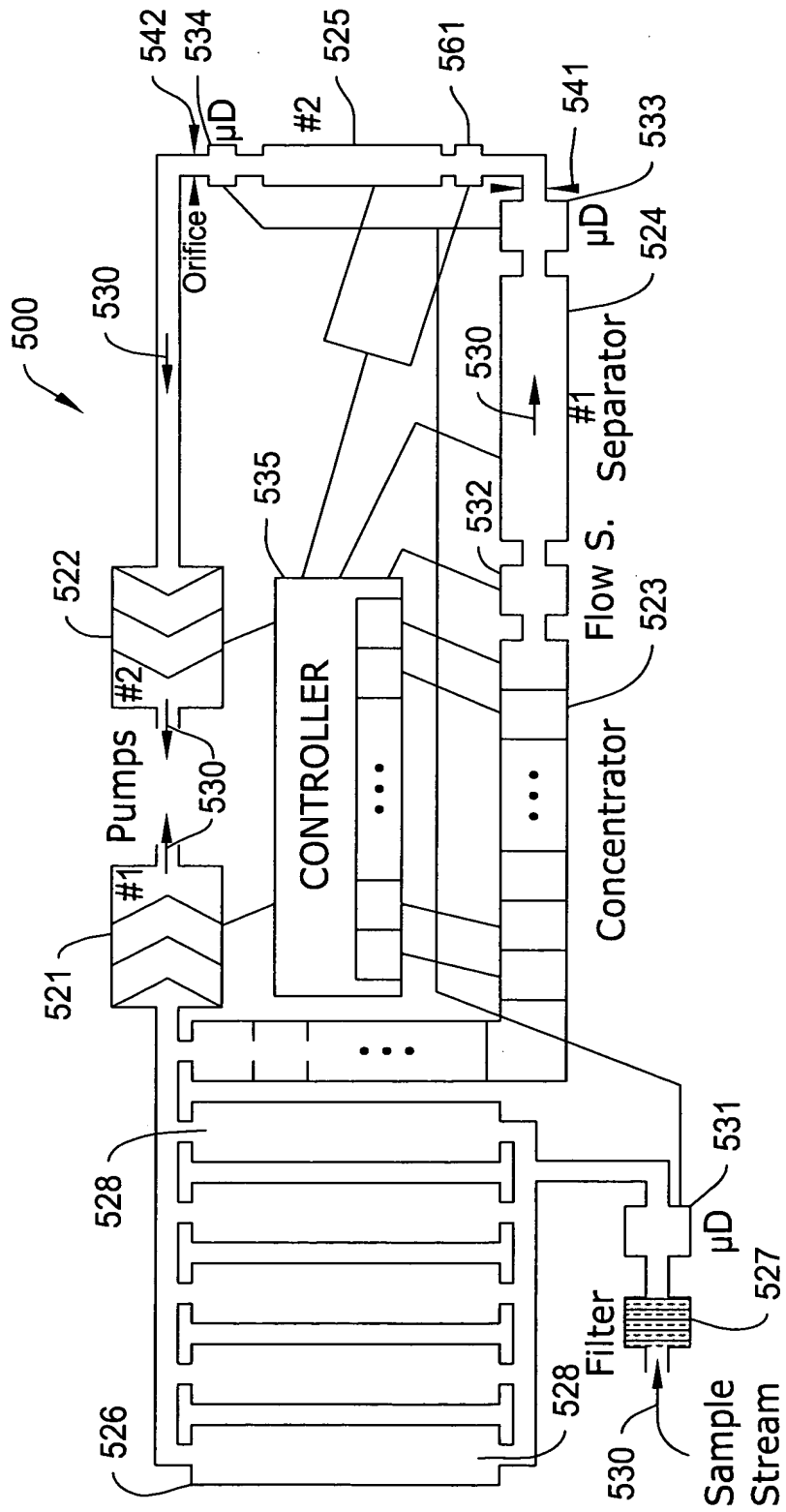


Figure 17

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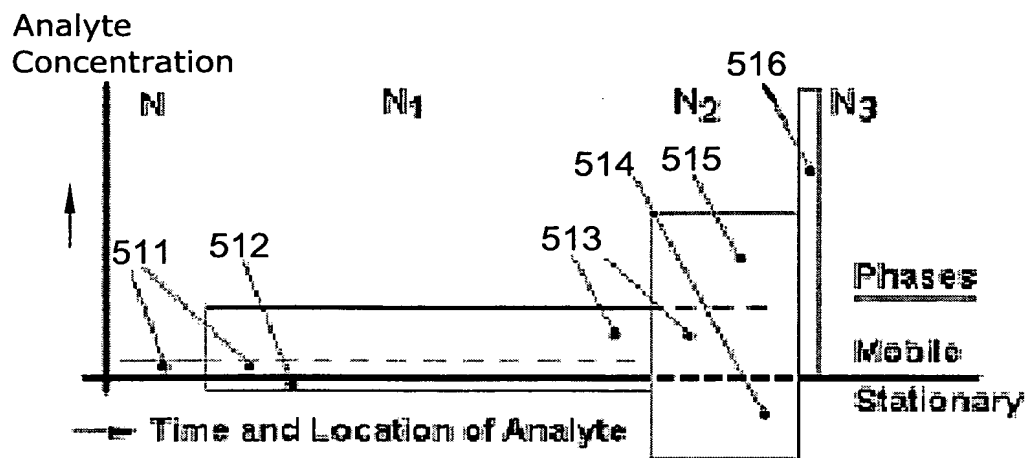


Figure 18

Analyte Masses = Film Length x Concentration				
	<u>N ppt</u>	<u>N₁ ppt</u>	<u>N₂ ppt</u>	<u>N₃ ppt</u>
A	$\infty \times 1$	500×100	$5 \times 10,000$	$1 \times 50,000$
B	$\infty \times 1$	1000×100	$10 \times 10,000$	$1 \times 100,000$
C	$\infty \times 1$	$5,000 \times 100$	$50 \times 10,000$	$1 \times 500,000$
D	$\infty \times 1$	$10,000 \times 100$	$100 \times 10,000$	$1 \times 520,000 + \text{less}$
E	$\infty \times 1$	$100,000 \times 100$	$1,000 \times 10,000$	$10 \times 1,000,000 (10^7)$

Figure 19

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Pres.Drop at 100 cm/s, 100x100 μ m			
No. of Elem.	Length	Pres. Drop	Peak P.
N1	L	Δp	Q
-	cm	psi	watts
50	0.5	2.629	20.5
505	0.1	5.311	41.3
1010	0.1	10.621	82.6

Figure 20

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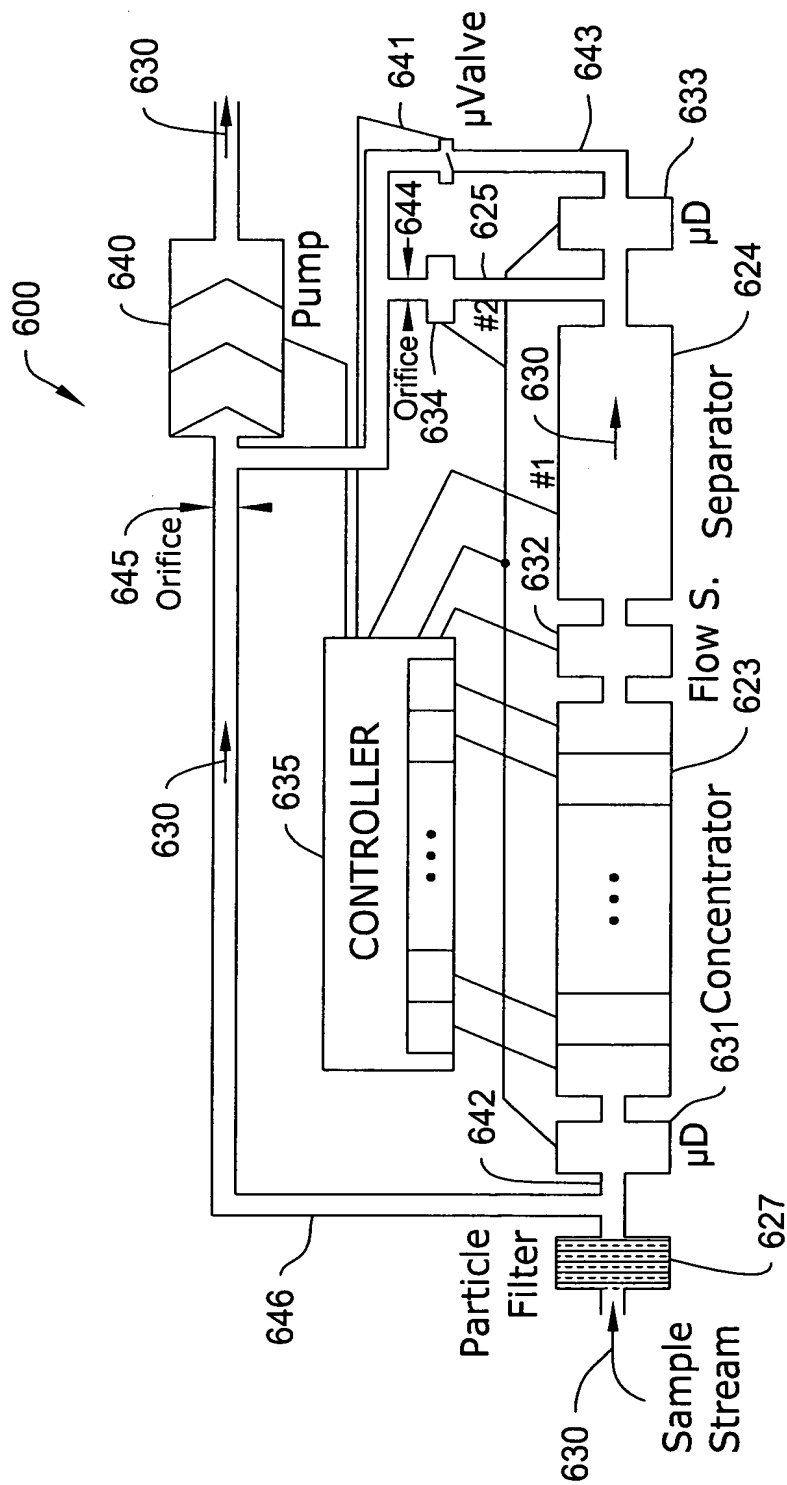


Figure 21

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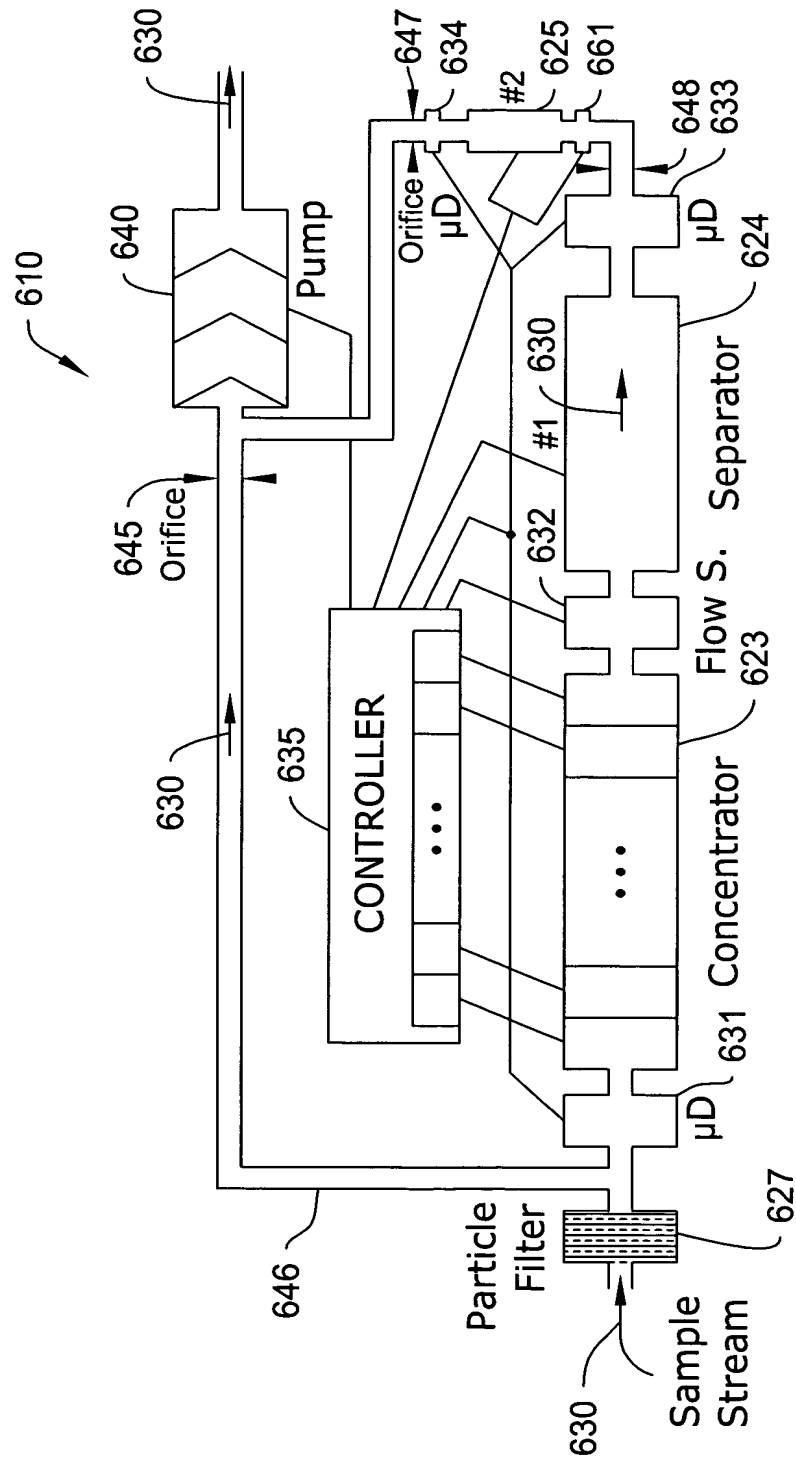


Figure 22

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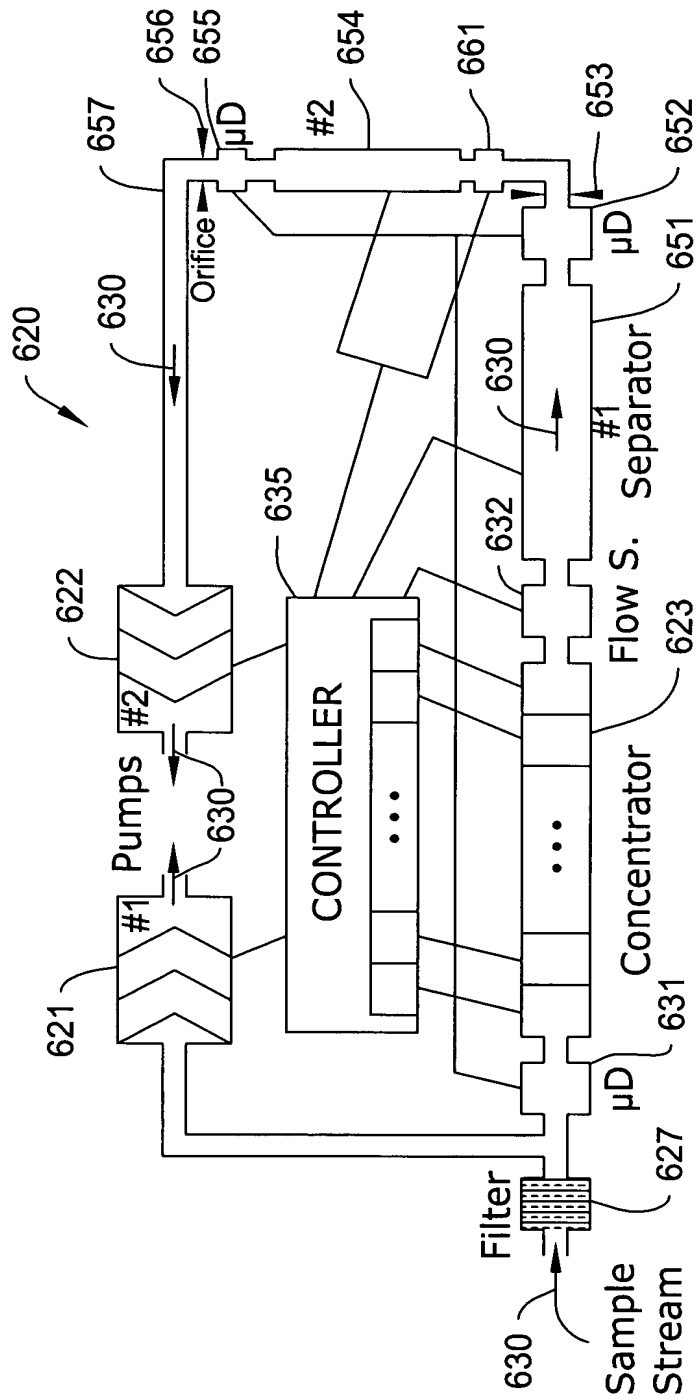


Figure 23

Table: Design of μ Gc- μ GC System on the Basis of a PHASED Structure

	v in cm/s	ID in cm	L in cm	s in μ m	ℓ in mm	V in cm3/min	Δ p in psi	24/24			
								k=6	k=0.2	k=2	k=0.2
	v	to	Δ t	tR	v(optimal)	v(optimal)	R	Δ R(v-v0)			
	cm/s	ms	ms	sec	cm/s	cm/s	-	%			
μ GC-1	50	500	20	3.00	68.8	56	8.76	2.5			
μ GC-2	250	40	2	0.24	149.2	118	8.00	6.2			

Figure 24